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# Thermal Performance of a Vapor Chamber Heat Pipe with Diamond-Copper Composition Wick Structures

苗志銘教授

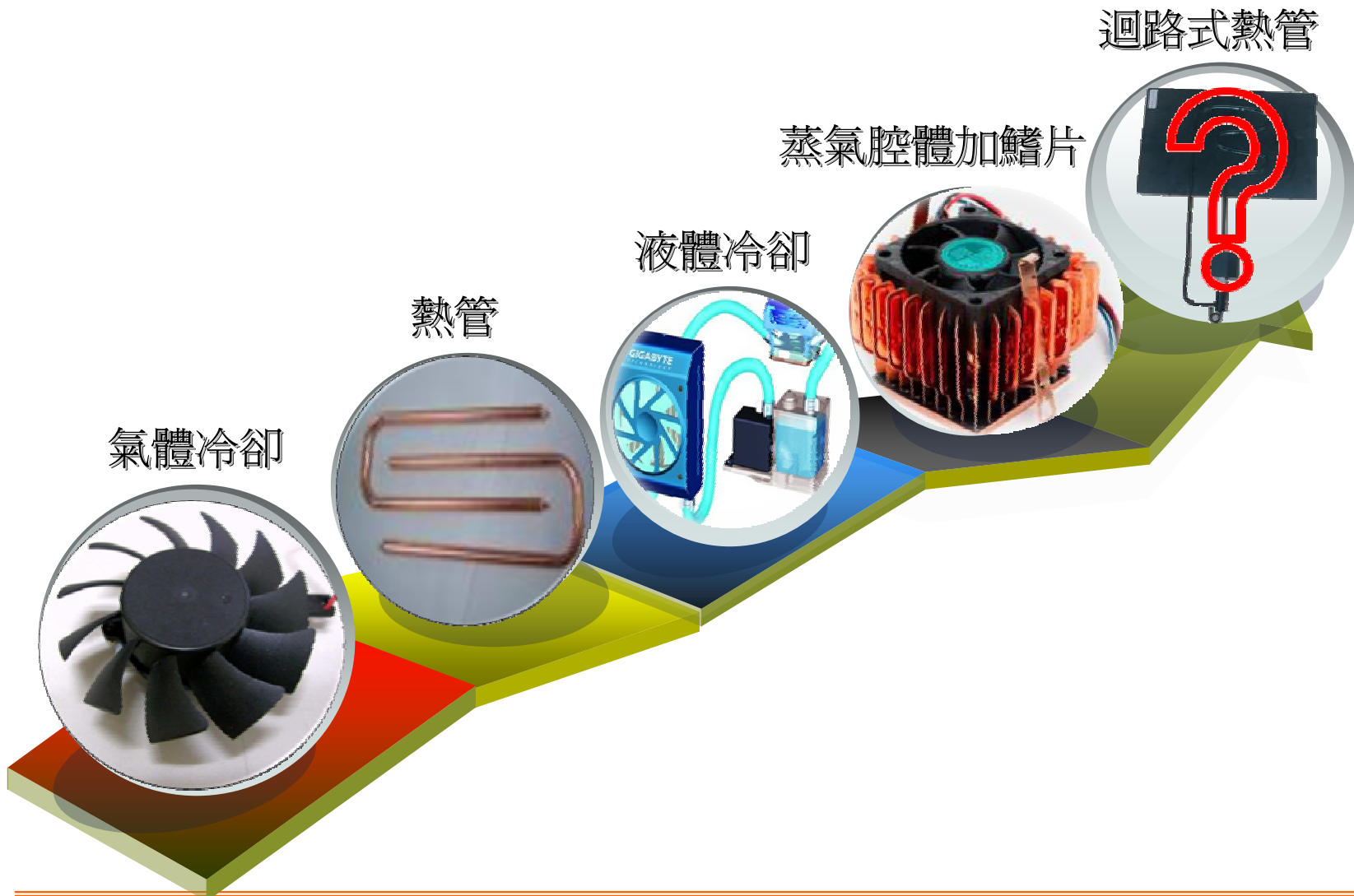
陳盈同助理教授

甯道遠

馮貴平

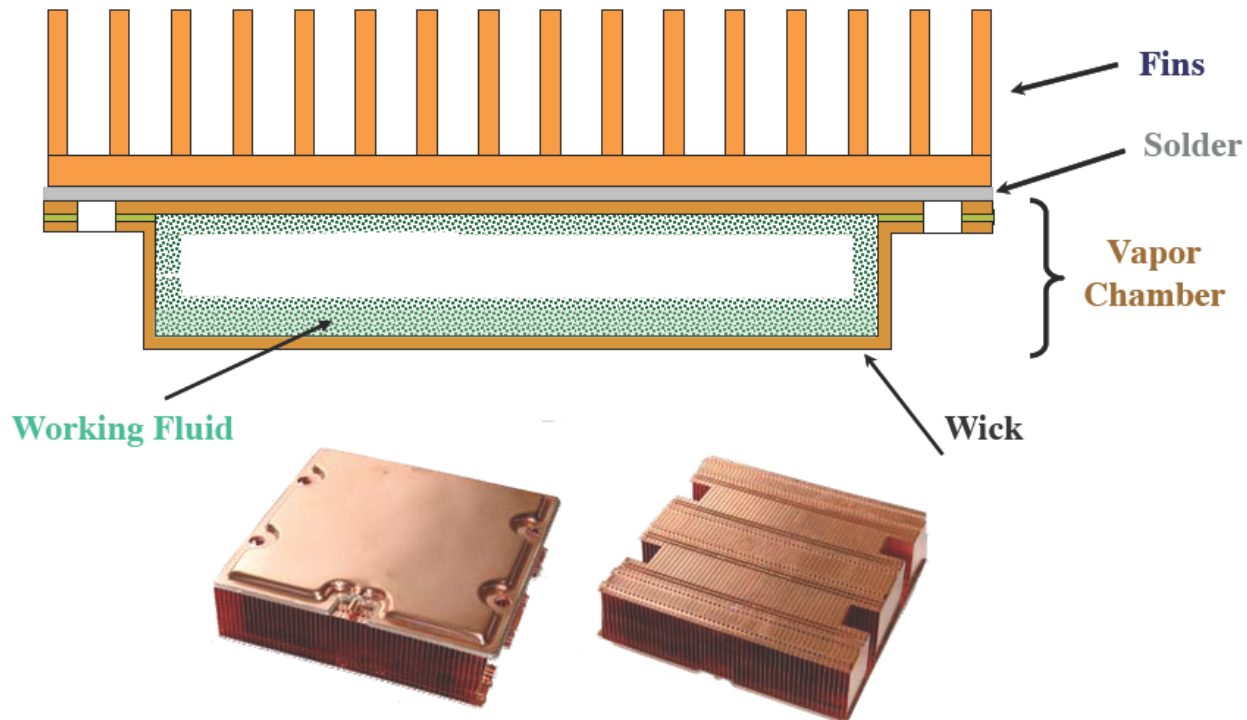
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# 散熱器發展歷史

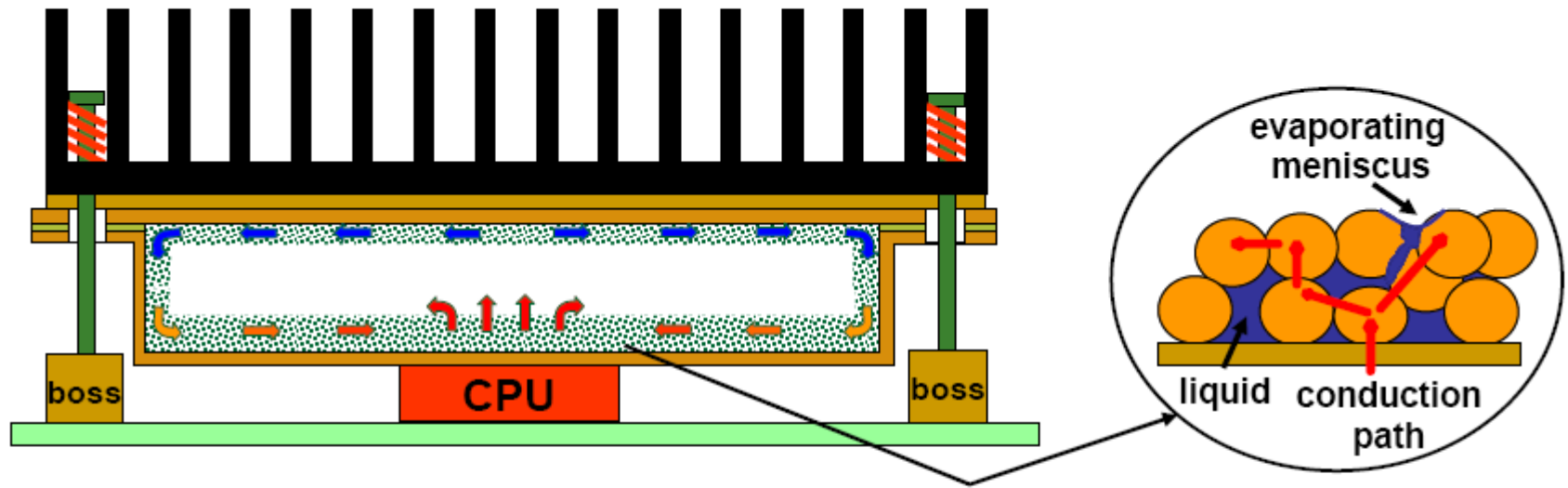


# Vapor Chamber

- Vapor Chamber (稱平板式熱管或蒸氣腔體)
- 有無噪音、無電力需求、成本低廉之特性
- 具有優異的傳熱能力

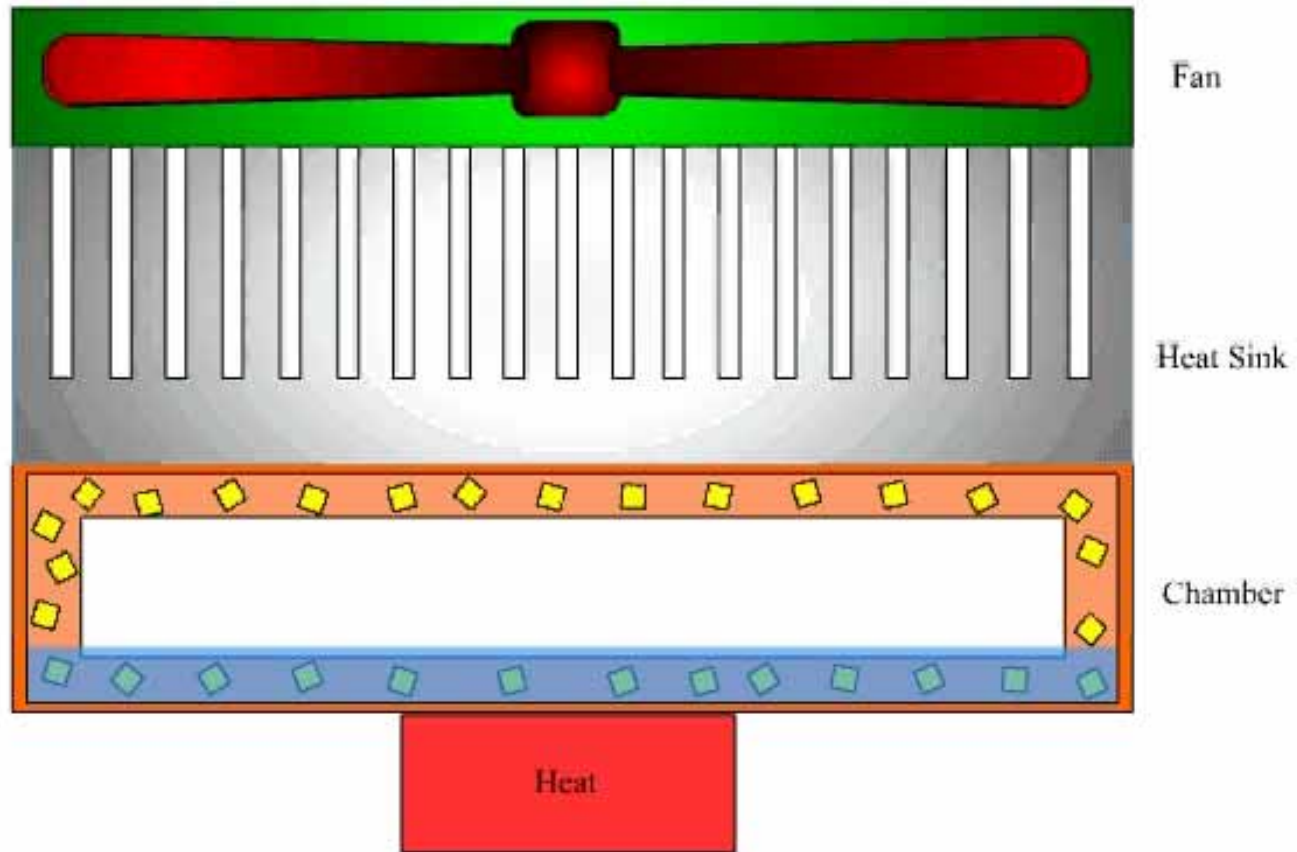


# Operation Principle

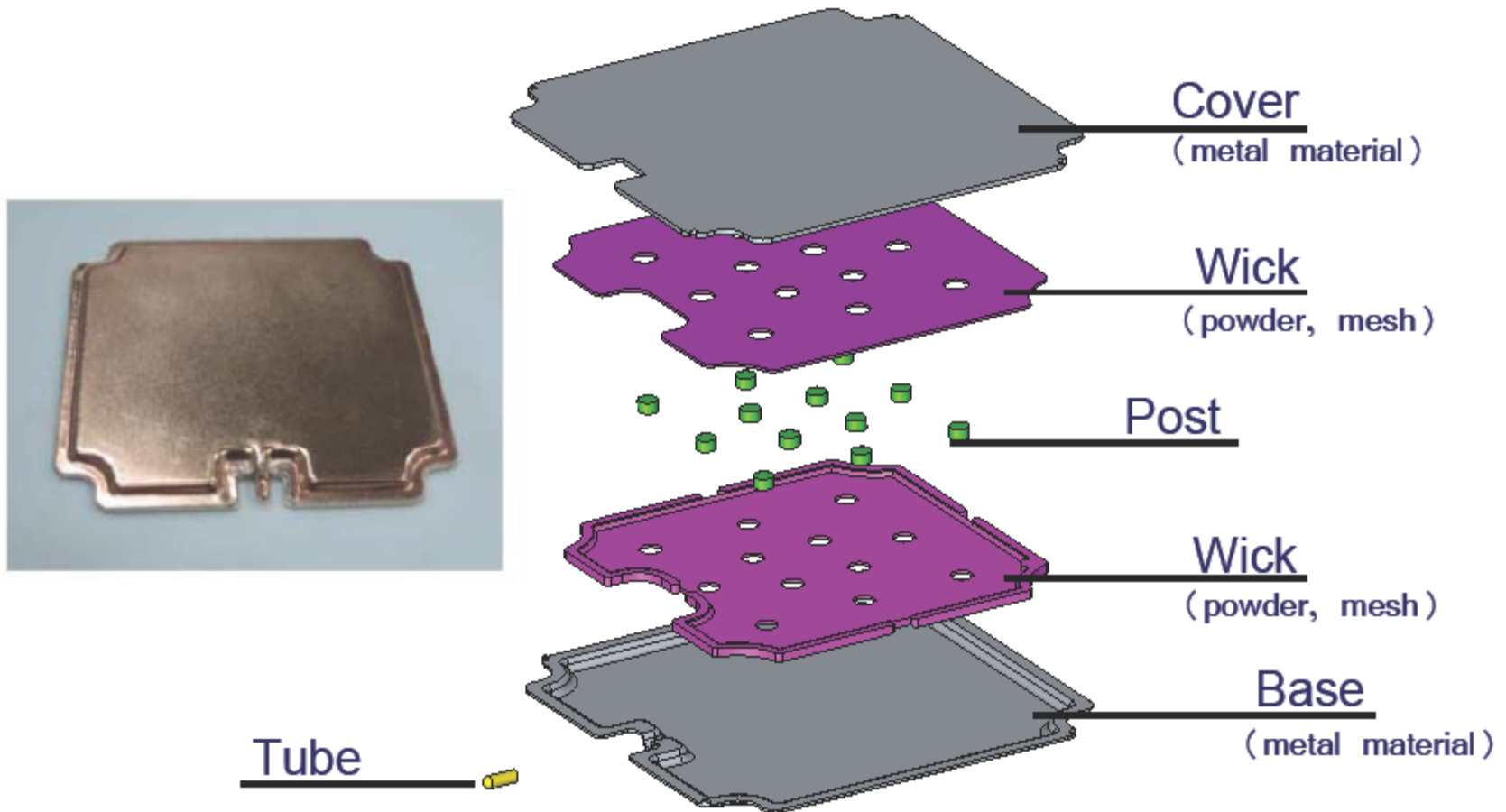


- Water boils at heat input area (e.g. CPU), absorbing heat energy. Boiling temp is  $< 100^{\circ}\text{C}$  due to vacuum inside chamber.
- Vapor travels, at the speed of sound, throughout the chamber.
- Vapor condenses on the cold surface (fin side), transferring heat.
- Water returns by capillary action through the wick to the heat input area.

# 蒸氣腔體散熱模組



# Assembly of Vapor Chamber



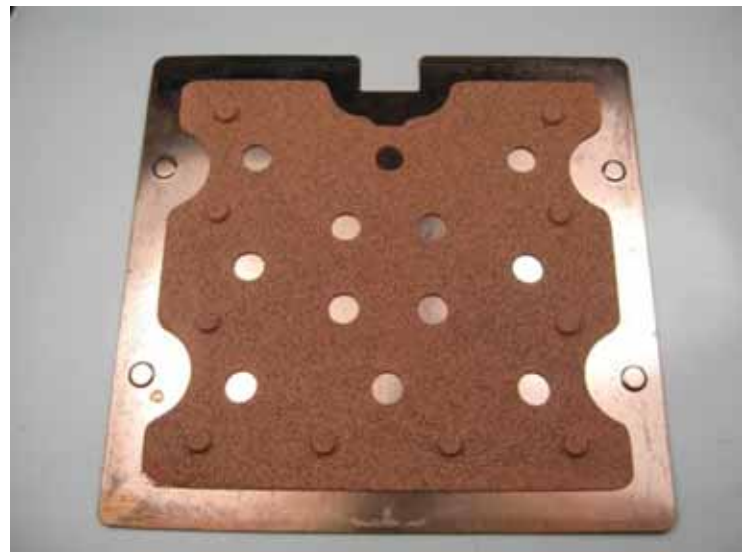
# 材料之熱傳導係數

Materials	Thermal Conductivity (W/mK)
Diamond	1000-2400
Silver	429
Copper	380
Gold	318
Aluminum	237
Vapor Chamber	?

# Dia-Vapor Chamber

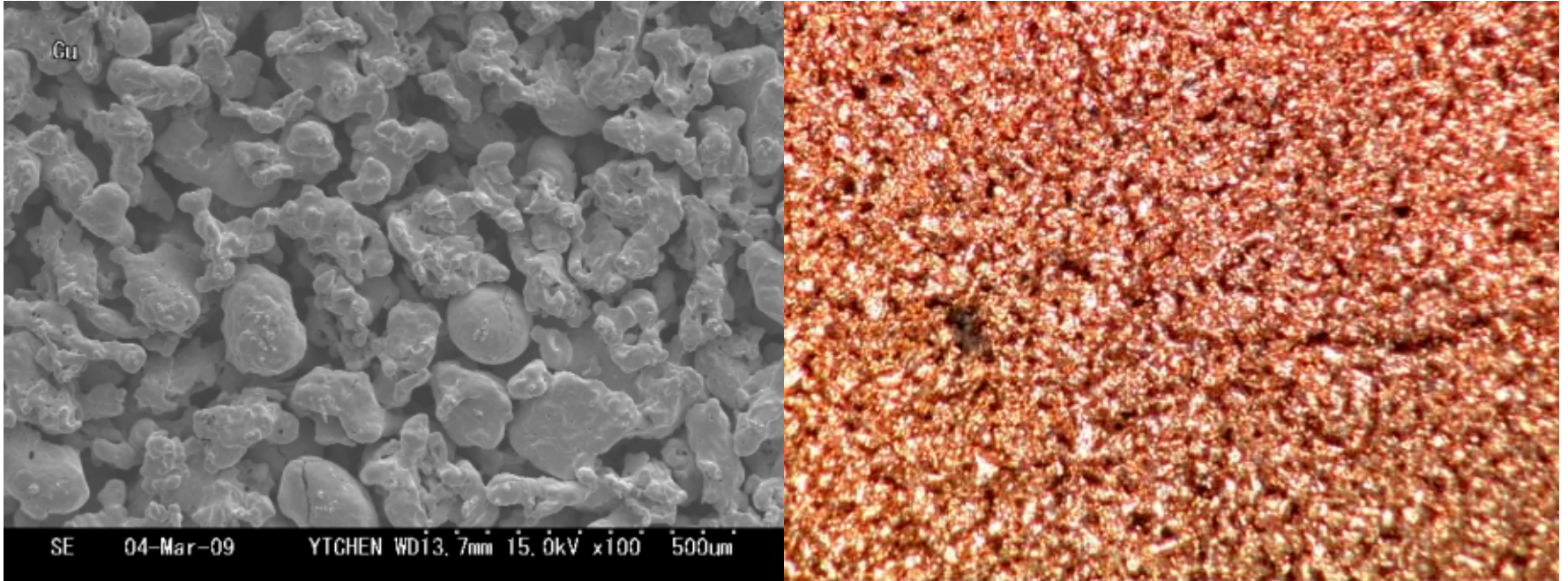
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利用鑽石散熱佳、導熱快、熱傳係數高之特性，將Vapor Chamber中的銅粉毛細結構以鑽石複合材料取代。比較鑽石之不同形狀、不同粒度與混合比例燒結，作為Vapor Chamber內毛細微結構，找出散熱效益最佳之比例組合。



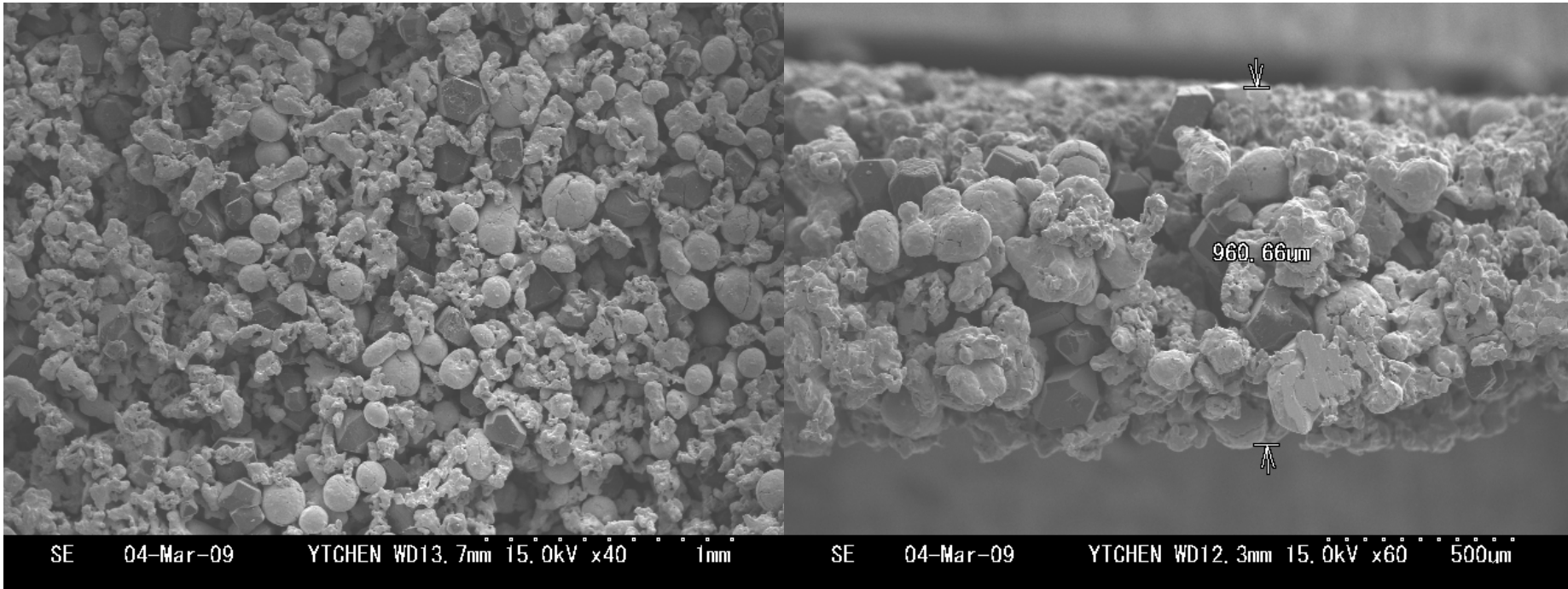
# Wick(純銅)

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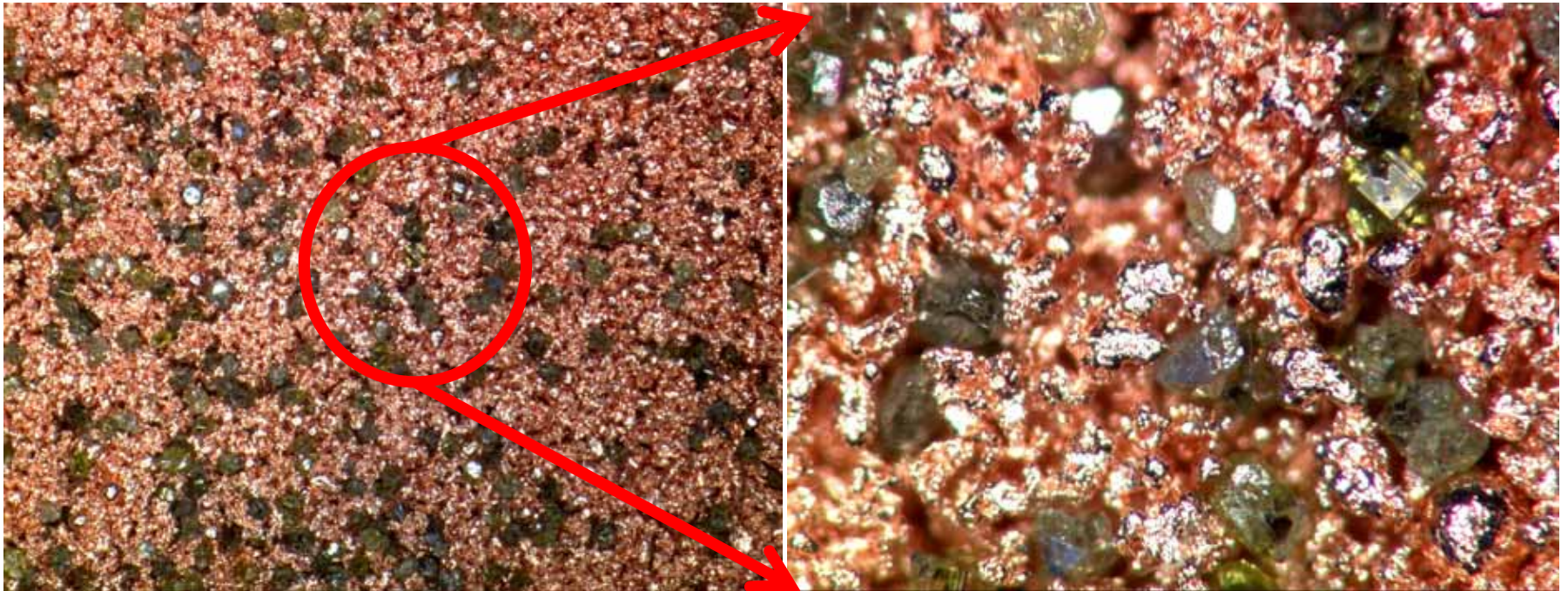
# Wick (Diamond : Cu=1 : 3)

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# Wick (Diamond : Cu = 1 : 6)

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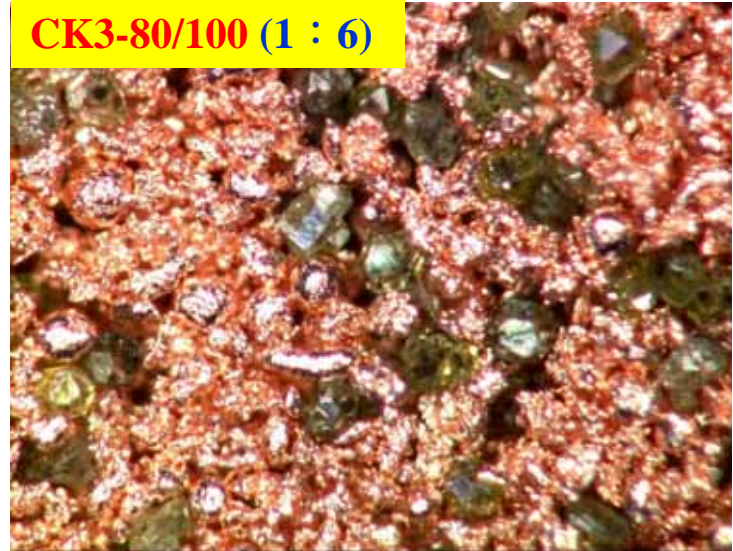


# 不同鑽石粒度/形貌之表面結構

CK3-80/100 (1 : 6)



CK3-80/100 (1 : 6)



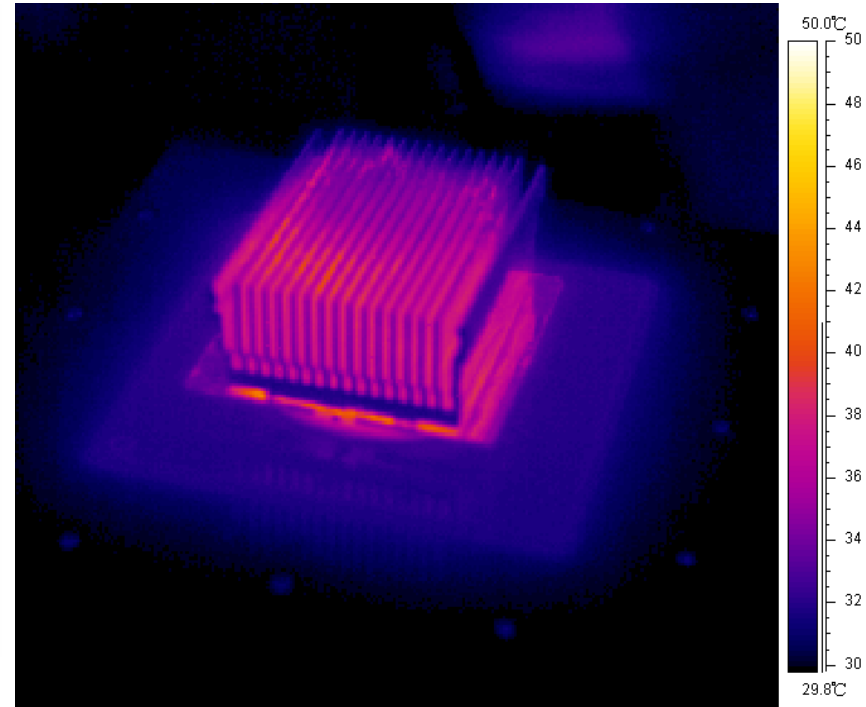
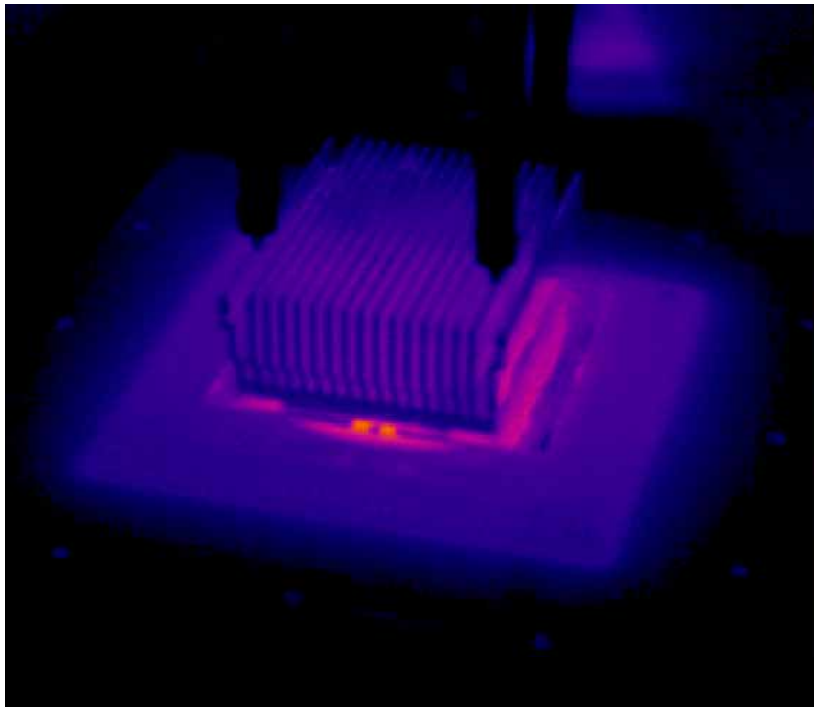
YKJ-80/100 (1 : 6)



YKJ-80/100 (1 : 6)

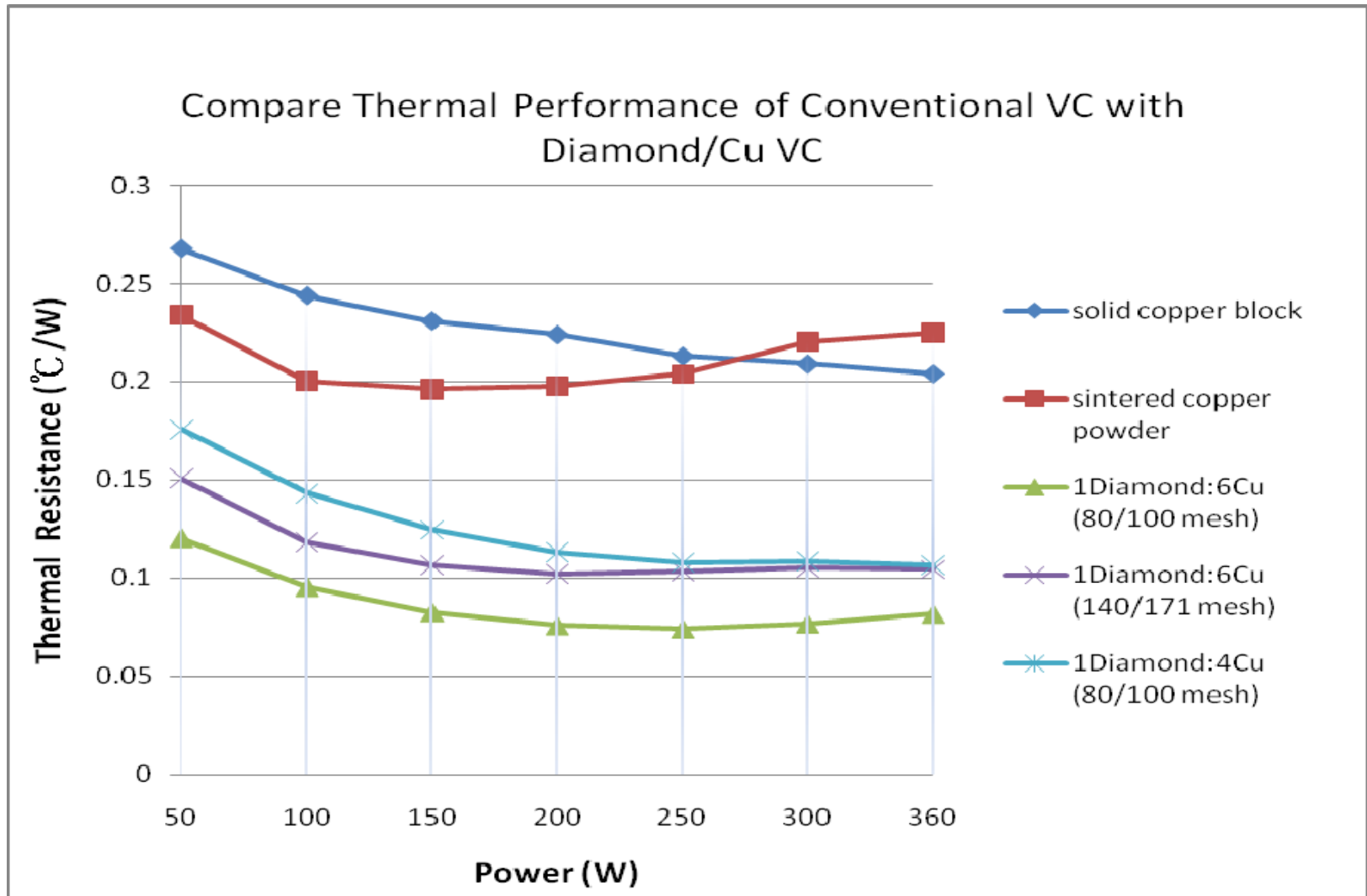


# Vapor Chamber Superior heat spreading



紅外線溫度顯像圖

# Thermal Resistance Performance Test



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**Thanks**

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